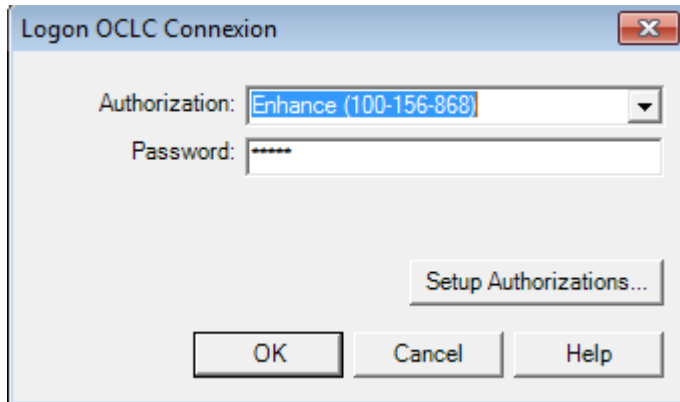


Logon to Connexion and bring up the template:

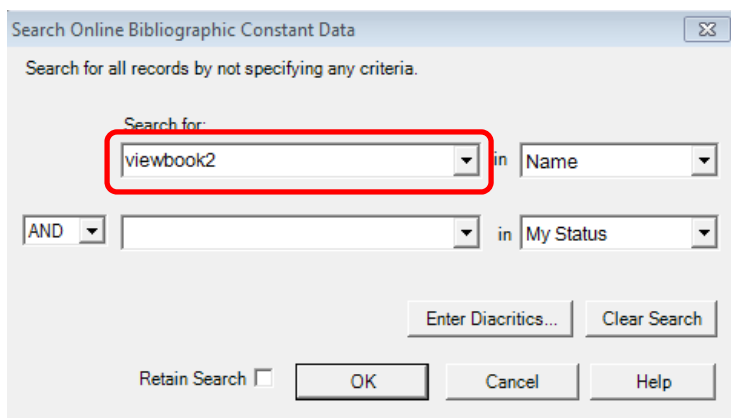
1. Logon to Connexion by clicking on this icon:



When you do that, this logon screen appears:



2. After you're logged on, bring up the view books template. Use the **Ctrl+N** shortcut to bring up the search box and type **viewbook2** into the name box:



3. When you've retrieved the view book template, make a copy of it that you will edit by using the **Ctrl+Alt+C** shortcut.

If asked if you want to transfer fixed field values to new record, click yes.

Post-cataloging steps:

1. Reformat the completed template by clicking on the R icon:



2. Validate the record using the checkmark icon:



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This makes sure that everything in the record is readable by the machine. If the machine can't parse something, you'll get an error message. Fix the error and validate the record again.

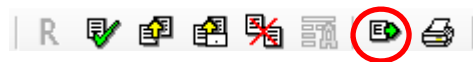
3. Control the headings by using the Control Headings command in the Edit drop down menu. This process matches the headings in your record to their authorized forms in the authority file. Headings that are matched will turn into a blue hyperlink. If something you've searched doesn't turn blue, search it again to be sure you copy and pasted it correctly. Correct the heading if necessary and control it again.

Exception: 655 fields can't be controlled.

4. Update holdings to produce record using the icon with the yellow arrow, but without the catalog card.



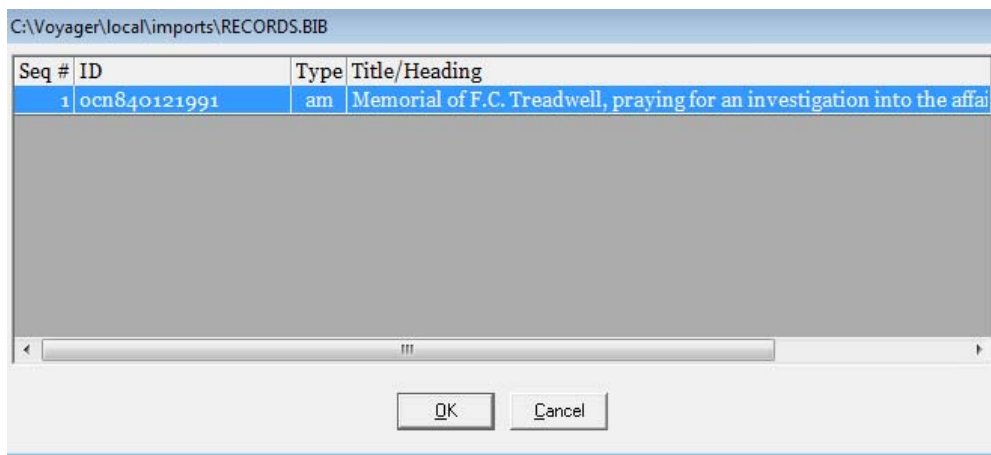
5. Export the record into CLIO (Columbia's local catalog) using the icon with the E and arrow:



If you're asked if you want to overwrite or append, choose overwrite.

Saving the record in CLIO:

1. After you've exported a record from Connexion, retrieve the record by using the F8 shortcut.



C:\Voyager\local\imports\RECORDS.BIB

Seq #	ID	Type	Title/Heading
1	ocn840121991	am	Memorial of F.C. Treadwell, praying for an investigation into the affai

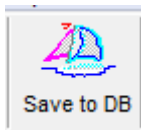
OK Cancel

Double clicking on the record will open it.

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
 CLIR American View Books project
 Cataloging instructions

035		#a (OCoLC)ocn840121991
040		#a ZCU #c ZCU #d ZCU
035		#a (OCoLC)840121991
049		#a ZCUA
110	1	#a New York (State). #b Legislature. #b Senate.
245	1 0	#a Memorial of F.C. Treadwell, praying for an investigation into the affairs of the Brooklyn Bank.
260		#a [Albany? : #b s.n., #c 1839?]
300		#a 8 p. ; #c 24 cm.
490	1	#a In Senate ; #v 1839, no. 83
500		#a Caption title.
610	2 0	#a Brooklyn Bank.
650	0	#a Bank fraud #z New York (State) #z New York.
650	0	#a Banks and banking #z New York (State) #z New York.
700	1	#a Treadwell, Francis C.
830	0	#a Senate document (New York (State). Legislature. Senate) ; #v 1839, no. 83.
994		#a Co #b ZCU
948	1	#a 20130419 #b o #c eal2180 #d AVC
965		#a 965Durst

2. Save the record to the database by clicking on the sailboat icon at the top of the screen:



The first time you save a record, you'll be asked if you want to save your profile. Click no.

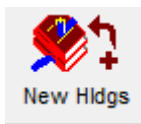
3. Add your statistics using the shortcut Ctrl+3. Completed statistics will look like this:

948 1 #a 20130419 #b o #c eal2180 #d AVC

4. Save again by clicking on the sailboat icon.

Creating holdings records

5. Create a holdings record by clicking on this icon:



The holdings template looks like this:

MARC | System | Bib Title(s) |

Leader | 00160nx a22000614 4500

005: | | 00Z | |

008 | 130430 2 p ____ 8 ____ 4 001 b b ____ 0 901128

Tag	I1	I2	Subfield Data
→ 852	o	o	#b

Created: 4/30/2013
 Updated: 7/8/2013

Create a call number

Every call number will follow this format:

852 8 0 #b avr #h [number for City] #i [Cutter taken from main entry]

Find the number for the City:

1. Start by searching in the cataloging software.

The screenshot shows a 'Search' dialog box with the following elements:

- Search by: Find, Browse, Keyword. A dropdown menu is set to 'Call Number'.
- Heading Types Filter: Cambridge (Departmental), Cambridge (Main), Cambridge (Medical), Codoc Classification.
- Locations Filter: < Not applicable >
- Search for: aa735 d
- Buttons: Do Search, Cancel, Clear, Limit...

For a view book about Chicago, start with the general number for view books (aa735) and add the first letter of the city the view book is about (C for Chicago).

2. Scroll to the part of the results lists where books about Chicago start.

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
 CLIR American View Books project
 Cataloging instructions

Titles Index

Font: Georgia Sort By:

Call Number	Full Title	Author	Imprint
AA735 C4 1868 G94 S	Guide to the city of Chicago. Its public buildings, places of amusement, churches, hotels.		Chicago, T. E. Zell, 1868.
AA735 C4 1877 Se82	Seven days in Chicago.		[Chicago] : J. M. Wing, c1877.
AA735 C4 1891 Sch32 S	Chicago and its environs. A handbook for the traveler. By L. Schick.	Schick, Louis.	Chicago, L. Schick, 1891.
AA735 C4 1899 F64 S	Chicago, the marvelous.	Flinn, John J. (John)	Chicago, Standard

474 Records Found Search: Call Number=aa735 c

The title list tells us that the number for Chicago is C4.

852 8 0 #b avr #h AA735 C4 #i [Cutter taken from main entry]

Create the cutter number:

1. Look at the record you created for the view book. If there is a 100 or 110 field, that's your main entry. If not, the title is your main entry.

If you're using title as your main entry, disregard any initial articles.

In either case, you'll use the first word of the main entry to create the Cutter.

- For a person: Martin, William (use Martin)
- For a company: Rand, McNally & Co. (use Rand)
- For a title: Chicago at a glance (use Chicago)

2. Take the first letter of the first word and use the online Cutter table to find the number.

<https://www1.columbia.edu/sec/cu/libraries/inside/units/bibcontrol/osmc/cutter.html>

So a view book about Chicago by someone named William Martin would have the Cutter M36.

852 8 0 #b avr #h AA735 C4 #i M36

Detailed instructions on how to use the Cutter table can be found here:

http://www.columbia.edu/cu/libraries/inside/units/bibcontrol/osmc/Cutter_Train_web.htm

3. No two books can have the same call number, so you'll need to go back to the title index and check your call number to make sure it "fits."

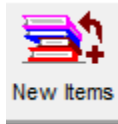
Call Number	Full Title	Author	Ir
AA735 C4 M35 F	Chicago, the great central market; a collection of editorials and illustrations from the "Field quality news," a monthly publication issued by Marshall Field & company, wholesale, to its merchant customers.	Marshall Field & Company.	[C cc
AA735 C4 M38	Chicago : de la modernité en	Massu, Claude.	M c:

Martin falls between Marshall and Massau, so your number fits. If your number doesn't fit, add the next available digit, starting with 3, to the original Cutter number.

4. Save the holdings record by clicking on the sailboat icon.




Create an item record:

1. Create the item record by clicking on this icon:



The item record template looks like this:

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
CLIR American View Books project
Cataloging instructions

Title:	Memorial of F.C. Treadwell, praying for an investigation into the affairs of		
Location:	avr	Call #:	AA735 C4 M36
Barcode:		Temp. Loc.:	
Perm. Loc.:	avr	Temp. Type:	
Item Type:	noncirc	Media Type:	
Enum:			
Chron:			
Year:			
Caption:			
Free text:			
Spine:			
			Copy: 0 Pieces: 1 Price: \$0.00
Self Check			
<input type="checkbox"/> Magnetic Media <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensitize			

2. Place your cursor in the barcode box and scan the barcode.

3. Save the record by clicking on the sailboat icon.

Fixed fields:

Ills (illustrations):

The default on the template is a, for illustrations. If a view book has plates, which are pages/leaves of a book that are not part of the books original pagination, you may also need to include f.

DtSt and Dates (Type of date and Date of publication):

In the DtSt field, use s f there is a single date associated with the view book. Type the single date in the first box of the Date field.

In the DtSt field, use q if there is a range of dates associated with the view book. Type the earliest date in the first box and the latest date in the second box.

Lang (Language of the text in the view book):

The default on the template is eng, for English.

If the text is not in English, you will need to enter the three-letter code in this box. You can find a full list of codes here: http://www.loc.gov/marc/languages/language_name.html

Indx (Index):

The default on the template is 0, for no index. If the view book has an index, change the number to 1.

Ctry (Country of publication):

The majority of the view books will be published in the United States. All of the three-letter country codes can be found here: http://www.loc.gov/marc/countries/countries_name.html

If you know that the view book was published in the United States, but do not know the state, use xxu. This is currently the default on the template.

If you do not know where a view book was published, use xx.

Variable fields

043 (Geographic area code):

The full list of codes can be found here: http://www.loc.gov/marc/geoareas/gacs_name.html

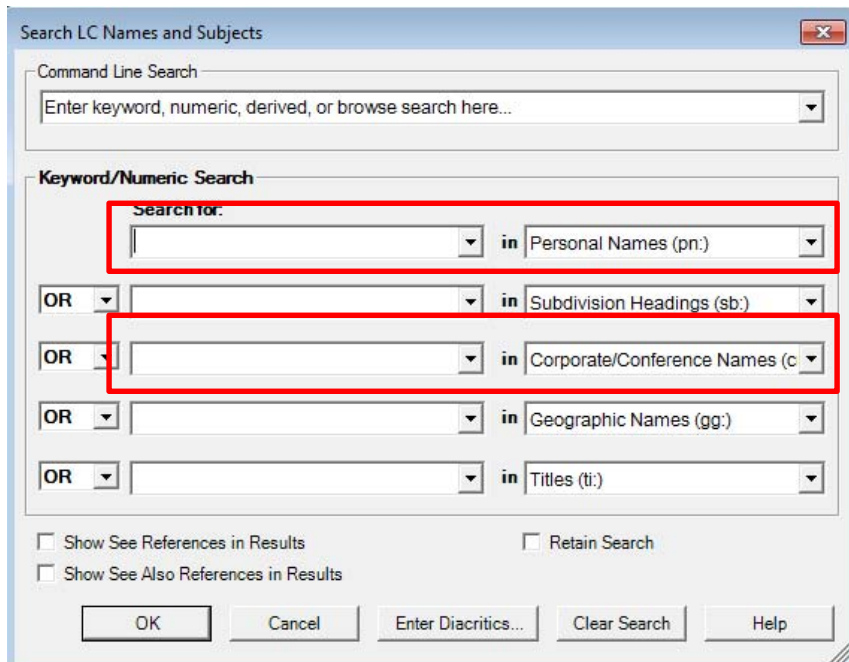
100 (Personal name), 110 (Company name):

If it the view book is authored by a person, use field 100. If it is authored by a company, use field 110. However, if the only person or company you can find is a publisher or printer, you can delete this field.

This field is where the official version of the name is recorded. You'll need to check the authority file to find the authorized version of the author's name.

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

To search the authority file for authors:



Typing the name of the company in the search box:



returns the following results:

110	2	Rand McNally and Company
-----	---	--------------------------

Copy the data from the authority record and paste it into the template.

If you don't find an authorized version of a name, type the information you see on the view book in the 100 or 110 field. If the author is a person, invert the name (i.e., type the last name and then the first).

245 (Title): Indicators



245	1	0
-----	---	---

First indicator: if you do not have a 100 or a 110, change the first indicator from 1 to 0.

Second indicator: If the title of the view book has an initial article (e.g., a, an, the), take the number of letters in the article +1.

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Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

For example:

a=2, an=3, the=4

245 (Title): Title information:

Take title information from the title page of the view book and include any subtitle information in the ‡b of this field.

If you included an author in the 100 or 110, you'll need to write down the name of the person or company as you see it on the view book in the ‡c.

246 (Other titles):

Use this field for titles that appear in places other than the title page: Cover title, running title (the title at the top of each page), spine title (the title on the spine of the book).

If there is an ampersand (&) in the title, include a 246 field that replaces the ampersand with the word and.

If none of these apply to the view book you have, you can delete the example fields from the template.

260 (Publication information):

If any of the information is missing, make your most educated guess and put any information you supply in brackets. For example, a view book about Niagara Falls is probably published in Niagara Falls, New York. For dates that you're not certain about, include a question mark.

For example:

In your book about Niagara Fall, you see that the publisher is Thomas Tugby and the date 1881 appears in the text:

[Niagara Falls] : ‡b Thomas Tugby, ‡c [1881?]

If you have no information, you can use the following terms, alone or in combination:

‡a [S.l.] (No place)

‡b [s.n.] (No publisher)

‡c [s.d.] (No date)

Bracket each one individually if used singly. Put one bracket at the beginning and end if used together.

300‡a (Physical description-pagination):

Pages are printed on both sides, leaves only on one side.

Record the last number of pages/leaves in any sequence (e.g., introduction and text).

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CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

For example:

47 p.

xii, 47 p.

If the pages/leaves are unnumbered, use:

For example:

1 v. (unpaged)

If a book has plates, count the number of plates and record it in brackets:

For example:

47 p., [8] pages of plates.

300#c (Physical description-illustrations):

The default on the template is all ill., but can be changed to chiefly ill. if there is accompanying text beyond captions.

300#d (Physical description-dimensions):

Measure the height of the view book in centimeters. Most view books are wider than they are tall, so you will need to measure and record both height and width.

For example:

#d 25 cm

#d 10 x 15 cm.

If a view book is accordion folded, you should record the width for both the unfolded and folded sheet:

For example:

#d 200 x 15 cm., folded to 20 x 15 cm.

500 (General notes):

There are three kinds of general notes discussed in this section: binding, reproduction, and local data.

Binding:

If a view book is bound with something like string or cord that has been laced through holes in the side of the book, use the note in the template for stabbed binding. Include information in the note about the type of material used to tie the book together.

If stabbed binding is not present, you can delete the note.

Reproduction:

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There are three means of reproduction that are of interest in the view book collection: photomechanical reproduction, photogravure, and aquatint.

There are three notes in the template that correspond with these techniques. Choose the one that applies to the view book you are cataloging and delete the rest. If there is no accompanying text with your view book, delete the part of the note that discusses accompanying text.

For your reference, the Getty's Art & architecture thesaurus defines each of these processes:

Photomechanical reproduction:

Images produced by processes that involve a photographic process (that is, employing light-sensitivity) to transfer an image, and then a separate process to produce the print, which was never itself light-sensitive.

Photogravure:

Photomechanical prints produced by the process called photogravure, in which the metal printing plate is prepared using a bichromate process, leaving a gelatin resist of varying thickness. The plate is etched to form cells of varying depth able to hold different amounts of ink.

Aquatint:

Prints produced from designs created by the aquatint process, by which a printing plate is covered with a coating and etched with acid so as to create a range of tonal values, often combined with line work. The resulting print resembling a watercolor.

Copy-specific data:

Include information specific to the copy of the view book you have (e.g., signatures or bookplates). Create a separate note for each instance of copy-specific data.

For example:

500 Avery Classics copy: Signed by John Smith. †5 NNC

505 (Contents notes):

Record names of buildings or places feature in the view book. In some cases, the name of the place will be very specific (e.g., Golden Gate). In other cases, the name of the place will be vague (e.g., Chinese grocery and butcher shop).

General information on subjects:

In the template, there is mention of "place" in some of these headings. The place being referred to is the place that the view book is about, which may not be the place where the view book was published.

650 (Topics):

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CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

There are two 650s in the template: type of building and topic.

Use the 'topic' subject if a view book is about a specific aspect of a place.

For example:

A view book that represents Mormons in Salt Lake City would have the heading:
Mormons †z Utah †z Salt Lake City †v Pictorial works.

Use the 'type of building' subject to represent the kinds of buildings in the view book.

For example:

A view book with a photo of an apartment building in Chapel Hill would have the heading:
Apartment houses †z North Carolina †z Chapel Hill †v Pictorial works.

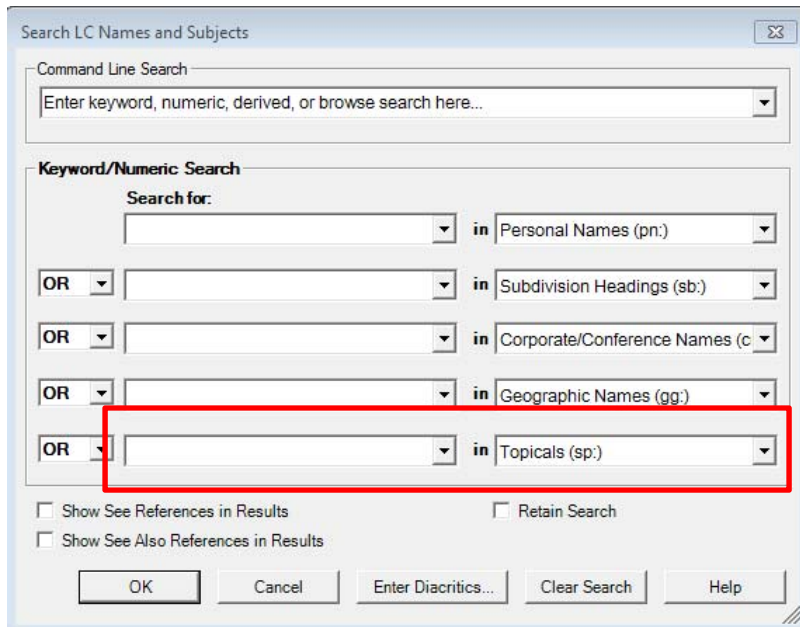
651 (Place):

There is a single 651 heading for place that will be in ever record for view books.

For example:

A view book about New Orleans would have the heading:
New Orleans (La.) †v Pictorial works.

To search the authority file for topics and types of buildings:



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Search LC Names and Subjects". It has a "Command Line Search" field at the top. Below it is the "Keyword/Numeric Search" section, which is highlighted with a red box. This section contains five rows of search criteria, each with an "OR" dropdown, a search input field, and a category dropdown. The categories are: "Personal Names (pn.)", "Subdivision Headings (sb.)", "Corporate/Conference Names (c)", "Geographic Names (gg.)", and "Topicals (sp.)". The "Topicals (sp.)" row is the one highlighted. At the bottom of the dialog, there are checkboxes for "Show See References in Results", "Show See Also References in Results", and "Retain Search". There are also buttons for "OK", "Cancel", "Enter Diacritics...", "Clear Search", and "Help".

Typing Mormons in this search box returns a list of search results, of which Mormons is one.

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

13	Mormons [150]
14	Mormons #v Biography [150]
15	Mormons #x Cultural assimilation [150]
16	Mormons #v Fiction [150]
17	Mormons #v Genealogy [150]
18	Mormons #v Juvenile fiction [150]
19	Mormons #x Monuments [150]
20	Mormons #x Monuments #z Arizona [150]
21	Mormons #x Monuments #z California [150]

Open the record, copy the information in the 150 field, and paste it into the 650 field in the template.

010		sh 85087296
040		DLC #b eng #c DLC #d DLC
150		Mormons
450		Latter-Day Saints
550		Mormon Church

To search the authority file for places:

The screenshot shows the 'Search LC Names and Subjects' dialog box. It features a 'Command Line Search' field at the top. Below it is the 'Keyword/Numeric Search' section, which contains five rows of search criteria. Each row has an 'OR' dropdown, a search input field, and an 'in' dropdown menu. The 'in' dropdown for 'Geographic Names (gg:)' is highlighted with a red rectangle. At the bottom of the dialog, there are checkboxes for 'Show See References in Results', 'Show See Also References in Results', and 'Retain Search', along with buttons for 'OK', 'Cancel', 'Enter Diacritics...', 'Clear Search', and 'Help'.

Typing Chicago in the Geographic names search box returns a long list of results:

Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
 CLIR American View Books project
 Field-by-field instructions

8	Back of the Yards (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
9	Belmont-Cragin (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
10	Beltway (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
11	Beverly Hills (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
12	Bridgeport (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
13	Brighton Park (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
14	Bronzeville (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
15	Bucktown (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
16	Chatham (Chicago, Ill.) [151]
17	Chicago Heights (Ill.) [151]
18	Chicago (Ill.) [151]
19	Chicago (Ill.) #v Biography [151]
20	Chicago (Ill.) #x Buildings, structures, etc. [151]
21	Chicago (Ill.) #x Description and travel [151]
22	Chicago (Ill.) #v Fiction [151]
23	Chicago (Ill.) #v Guidebooks [151]
24	Chicago (Ill.) #x History [151]
25	Chicago (Ill.) #x History #y 1875- [151]
26	Chicago (Ill.) #x History #y Civil War, 1861-1865 [151]
27	Chicago (Ill.) #x History #y To 1875 [151]

Choose the result for Chicago (Ill.) which is result #18.

010		n 78086438 #z sh 85023228
040		DLC #b eng #e rda #c DLC #d DLC-R #d DLC #d NIC #d WaU #d ICIU #d OCoLC #d DLC
034		#d W0873900 #e W0873900 #f N0415100 #g N0415100 #2 geonames
043		n-us-il
151		Chicago (Ill.)
451		Chikago (Ill.)
451		Chikaho (Ill.)
451		City of Chicago (Ill.)
451		Shikago (Ill.)
667		Old catalog heading: Chicago, Ill.
670		In nebel, 1919: #b t.p. (Shikago)
670		"Karpatorusynstvo"--istorii" a` i suchasnist', 1994: #b t.p. (Chikaho, SShA)
670		V Chikago na vystavku! [microform] 1982.
670		Cityspace, 1998: #b t.p. (City of Chicago)
670		GeoNames, algorithmically matched, 2009 #b (pp); 41°51'00"N 087°39'00"W)
781	0	#z Illinois #z Chicago

If you're adding a place to a topic heading, you'll want to look at the 781 in the authority record and copy and paste that into your heading.

For example:

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Skyscrapers †z Illinois †z Chicago †v Pictorial works.

If you're composing a heading for a place, you'll look at the 151 in the authority record and copy and paste that into your heading.

For example:

Chicago (Ill.) †v Pictorial works.

655 (Genre headings):

The genre heading for view books is the only one that will be in every view book record.

To formulate the genre heading for view books, you'll start with the first part (Viewbooks) and add the place you used in the topic or type of building headings.

For example:

Skyscrapers †z Illinois †z Chicago †v Pictorial works.

Viewbooks †z Illinois †z Chicago

The next part, century, will be included if you know the date of publication. If not, you can end the heading by putting a period after place, deleting the †y for Century, and keeping the †2 rbgenr

Viewbooks †z Illinois †z Chicago †y 20th century. †2 rbgenr

For the remainder of the genre headings (accordion-fold, stabbing, photomechanical prints, photogravures, aquatints), keep the headings that correspond with the notes you've included and delete the rest. These headings will not need to be modified in any way.

700, 710 (additional authors):

The 700 and 710 fields are repeatable, so you can also use this field for people or companies who are associated with the view book either at the time it was created (e.g., publisher) or after the view book was created (e.g., someone who signed the view book). Anyone you include in this field has to be mentioned somewhere in the record—usually the 245 †c, the 260, or any of the 500 notes.

If you don't need to use these fields, you can delete them from the template.

You will include the authorized form of the person or company name in this field as you did with the 100 or 110 field.

If the person or company you're adding is associated with the view book without any indication of how, you can copy and paste the data in the authority record and you're done.

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Avery Architectural & Fine Arts Library
CLIR American View Books project
Field-by-field instructions

For example:

Smith, John, †d 1860-1946.

If you're adding a person or company because there is an indication of ownership, you'll need to add some extra information.

For example:

Smith, John, †d 1860-1946, †e former owner. †5 NNC

Name viewbook2

Rec stat n	Entered 20130313	Replaced			
Type a	ELvl l	Src e d	Audn	Ctrl	Lang eng
BLvl m	Form	Conf 0	Biog	MRec	Ctry xxu
	Cont	GPub	LitF 0	Indx 0	
Desc a	Ills af	Fest 0	DtSt s	Dates 1800 ,	1950
043	n-us-ny				
100 1	Author: Person				
110 2	Author: Company name				
245 1 0	Title : #b subtitle / #c Person or Company names.				
260	Place of publication : #b Publisher, #c date of publication.				
300	Number of pages or leaves : #b all ill. ; #c dimensions.				
500	Binding: stabbed; tied with [material used to hold view book together (e.g., beige cord)].				
500	Photomechanical reproductions of photographs of [subject of view book], with accompanying text "[Text title]" by [Text author].				
500	Photogravure reproductions of photographs of [subject of view book], with accompanying text "[Text title]" by [Text author].				
500	Aquatint reproductions of photographs of [subject of view book], with accompanying text "[Text title]" by [Text author].				
505 0	Name of building -- name of building -- name of building.				
500	Avery Classics copy: [Copy specific data]. #5 NNC				
610 2 0	Specific building #v Pictorial works.				
650 0	Type of building #z Place #z Place #v Pictorial works.				
650 0	Topic #z Place #z Place #v Pictorial works.				
651 0	Place #v Pictorial works.				
655 7	Viewbooks #z Place #z Place #y century. #2 rbgendr				
655 7	Accordion-fold format (Binding) #2 rbbin				
655 7	Stabbing (Binding) #2 rbbin				
655 7	Photomechanical prints. #2 aat				
655 7	Photogravures (Prints) #2 aat				
655 7	Aquatints (Prints) #2 aat				
700 1	Additional person. (Can be repeated)				
710 2	Additional company. (Can be repeated)				
